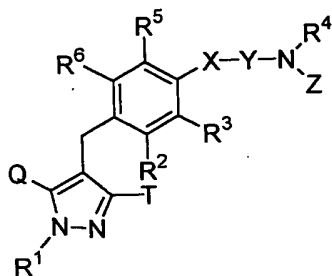


## CLAIMS

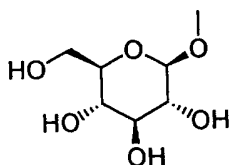
1. A pyrazole derivative represented by the general formula:



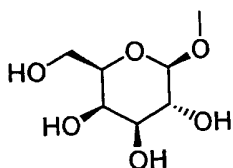
- 5 wherein

- $R^1$  represents a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl group, a hydroxy(C<sub>2-6</sub> alkyl) group, a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, or an aryl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group on the ring;

one of Q and T represents a group represented by the formula:



or a group represented by the formula:



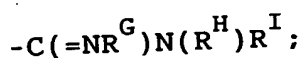
while the other represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a halo(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group or a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group;

5        R<sup>2</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio group, a halo(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a halo(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy) group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy) group, a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl-substituted (C<sub>2-6</sub> alkoxy) group or -A-R<sup>A</sup> in which A represents  
 10    a single bond, an oxygen atom, a methylene group, an ethylene group, -OCH<sub>2</sub>- or -CH<sub>2</sub>O-; and R<sup>A</sup> represents a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino  
 15    group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyloxy group, a halo(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a carboxy group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxy carbonyl group, a cyano group and a nitro group, or a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom and a C<sub>1-6</sub>  
 20    alkyl group;

X represents a single bond, an oxygen atom or a sulfur atom;

Y represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylene group which may be substituted by a hydroxy group or a C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenylene group;

25        Z represents -R<sup>B</sup>, -COR<sup>C</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>C</sup>, -CON(R<sup>D</sup>)R<sup>E</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>F</sup> or



$R^C$  represents an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-sulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (i);

$R^A$ ,  $R^B$ ,  $R^D$ ,  $R^E$  and  $R^F$  are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom, an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (i), or both of  $R^A$  and  $R^B$  bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, or both of  $R^D$  and  $R^E$  bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have

a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group;

5         $R^G$ ,  $R^H$  and  $R^I$  are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> acyl group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxy carbonyl group, an aryl(C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxy carbonyl) group, a nitro group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl group, a sulfamide group, a carbamimidoyl group, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may  
10 have the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (i), or both of  $R^G$  and  $R^H$  bind to form an ethylene group, or both of  $R^H$  and  $R^I$  bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy  
15 group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group;

$R^3$ ,  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group or a C<sub>1-6</sub>  
20 alkoxy group; and

      substituent group (i) consists of a hydroxy group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio group, an amino group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group, a mono or di[hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)]amino group, an ureido group, a sulfamide group, a mono  
25 or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)ureido group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)sulfamide group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> acylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl group, a carboxy group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxy carbonyl

group,  $-\text{CON}(\text{R}^{\text{J}})\text{R}^{\text{K}}$  in which  $\text{R}^{\text{J}}$  and  $\text{R}^{\text{K}}$  are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom or a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, an amino group, a mono or di( $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl)amino group, a mono or di[hydroxy( $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl)]amino group, an ureido group, a mono or di( $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl)ureido group, a  $\text{C}_{2-7}$  acylamino group, a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkylsulfonylamino group and a carbamoyl group, or both of  $\text{R}^{\text{J}}$  and  $\text{R}^{\text{K}}$  bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form a  $\text{C}_{2-6}$  cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, a carbamoyl group, a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl( $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl) group, a hydroxy( $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl) group and a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkylsulfonylamino-substituted ( $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl) group, an aryl( $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkoxy) group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl group and a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkoxy group on the ring, an aryl( $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkylthio) group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl group and a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkoxy group on the ring, a  $\text{C}_{3-7}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $\text{C}_{2-6}$  heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkylsulfonylamino group, a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl group and a  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino

group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, and a C<sub>1-4</sub> aromatic cyclic amino group which may have a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group as a substituent, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 10 2. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (i); R<sup>B</sup> represents an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (i); R<sup>C</sup> represents an aryl group

which has the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have  
 5 a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which has the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (i); and

substituent group (i) consists of a hydroxy group, a C<sub>1-6</sub>  
 10 alkoxy group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio group, an amino group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group, a mono or di[hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)]amino group, an ureido group, a sulfamide group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)ureido group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)sulfamide group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> acylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group,  
 15 a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl group, a carboxy group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxycarbonyl group, -CON(R<sup>J</sup>)R<sup>K</sup> in which R<sup>J</sup> and R<sup>K</sup> are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, an amino group, a mono  
 20 or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group, a mono or di[hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)]amino group, an ureido group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)ureido group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> acylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group and a carbamoyl group, or both of R<sup>J</sup> and R<sup>K</sup> bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form  
 25 a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group,

a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, an aryl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy) group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group on the ring, an aryl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio) group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group on the ring, a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, and a C<sub>1-4</sub> aromatic cyclic amino group which may have a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group as a substituent, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

3. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 2, wherein Z represents -R<sup>B</sup>; R<sup>B</sup> represents an aryl group which has the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group



consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which has the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (i); and

substituent group (i) consists of a hydroxy group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio group, an amino group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group, a mono or di[hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)]amino group, an ureido group, a sulfamide group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)ureido group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)sulfamide group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> acylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl group, a carboxy group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxycarbonyl group, -CON(R<sup>J</sup>)R<sup>K</sup> in which R<sup>J</sup> and R<sup>K</sup> are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, an amino group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group, a mono or di[hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)]amino group, an ureido group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)ureido group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> acylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group and a carbamoyl group, or both of R<sup>J</sup> and R<sup>K</sup> bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-

substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, an aryl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy) group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group on the ring, an  
 5 aryl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio) group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group on the ring, a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group which may have the same  
 10 or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an amino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino  
 15 group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group,  
 20 and a C<sub>1-4</sub> aromatic cyclic amino group which may have a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group as a substituent,  
 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

4. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 3, wherein R<sup>4</sup>  
 25 represents a hydrogen atom; R<sup>B</sup> represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which has the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (iA); and

substituent group (iA) consists of a hydroxy group, an amino group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group, a carboxy group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxy carbonyl group and -CON(R<sup>JA</sup>)R<sup>KA</sup> in which R<sup>JA</sup> and R<sup>KA</sup> are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, an amino group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group and a carbamoyl group, or both of R<sup>JA</sup> and R<sup>KA</sup> bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

5. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 4, wherein R<sup>B</sup> represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which has a carbamoyl group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

6. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 2, wherein Z represents -CON(R<sup>D</sup>)R<sup>E</sup>, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

7. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 6, wherein R<sup>D</sup> represents a hydrogen atom; R<sup>E</sup> represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which has the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (iB); and substituent group (iB) consists of a hydroxy group, an amino group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group and -CON(R<sup>JB</sup>)R<sup>KB</sup> in which R<sup>JB</sup> and R<sup>KB</sup> are the

same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group, an amino group and a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) amino group, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

8. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 2, wherein Z represents  $-C(=NR^G)N(R^H)R^I$ , or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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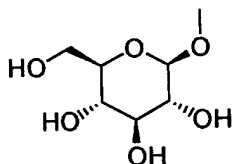
9. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 8, wherein R<sup>G</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl group; R<sup>H</sup> represents a hydrogen atom; R<sup>I</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (iC); and substituent group (iC) consists of a hydroxy group, an amino group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) amino group, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

10. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 2, wherein Z represents  $-COR^C$ ; R<sup>C</sup> represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which has a group selected from the following substituent group (iD); and substituent group (iD) consists of an amino group and  $-CON(R^{JC})R^{KC}$  in which both of R<sup>JC</sup> and R<sup>KC</sup> bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, or pharmaceutically

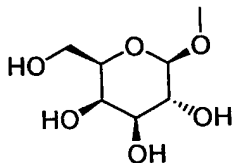
acceptable salt thereof.

11. A pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-10,  
wherein X represents a single bond or an oxygen atom; and Y  
5 represents an ethylene group or a trimethylene group, or  
pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

12. A pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-11,  
wherein R<sup>1</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a hydroxy(C<sub>2-6</sub> alkyl)  
10 group; T represents a group represented by the formula:

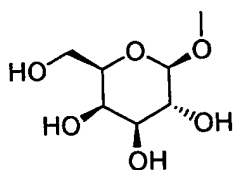


or a group represented by the formula:



Q represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group or a halo(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group;  
15 and R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> represent a hydrogen atom, or a pharmaceutically  
acceptable salt thereof.

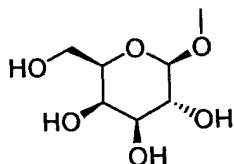
13. A pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-11  
wherein one of Q and T represents a group represented by the  
20 formula:



the other represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a halo(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group or a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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14. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 12 or 13, wherein T represents a group represented by the formula:



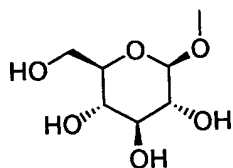
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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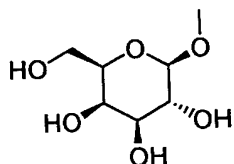
15. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 12 or 14, wherein Q represents an isopropyl group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

15 16. A prodrug of a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-15 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

17. A prodrug claimed in claim 16, wherein T represents a group represented by the formula:

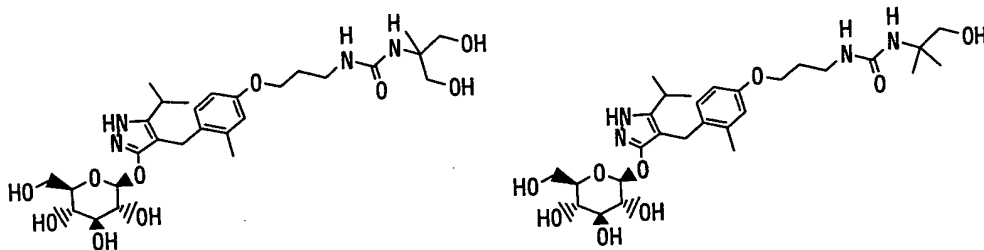


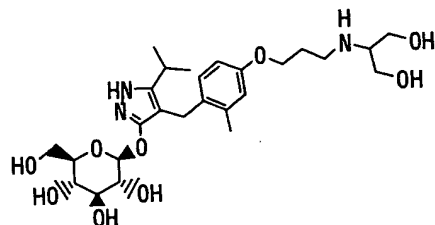
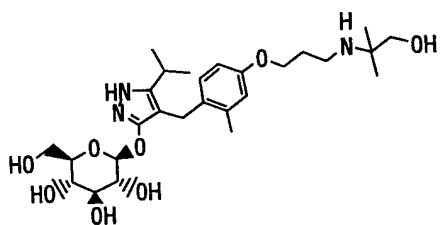
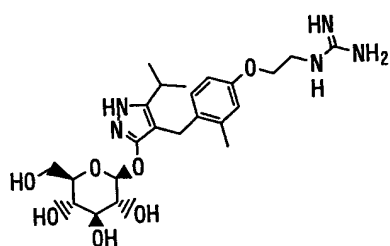
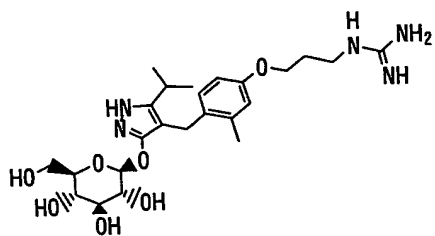
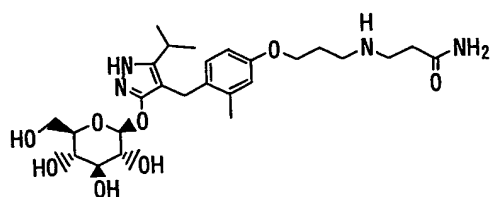
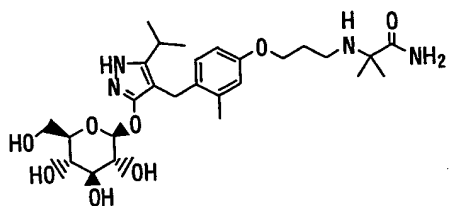
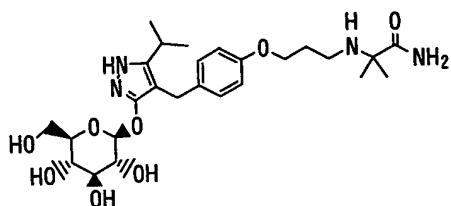
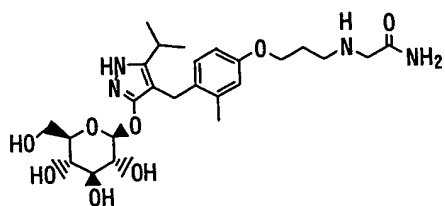
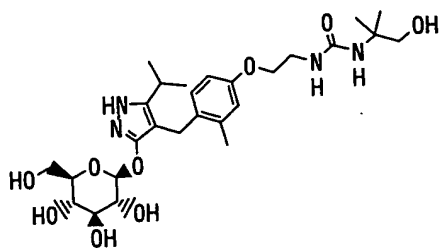
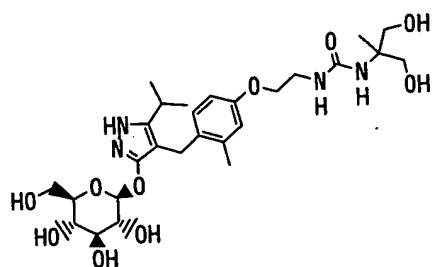
or a group represented by the formula:



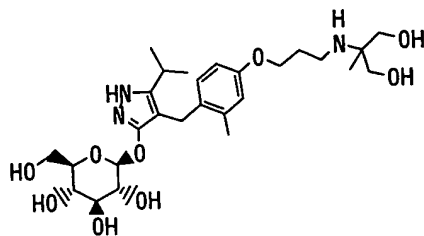
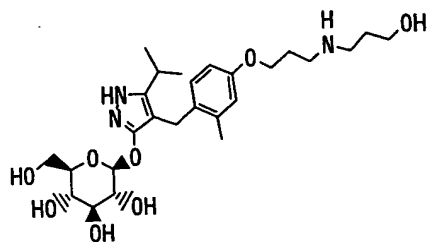
in which the hydroxy group at the 4-position is substituted by  
 5 a glucopyranosyl group or a galactopyranosyl group, or the  
 hydroxy group at the 6-position is substituted by a  
 glucopyranosyl group, a galactopyranosyl group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> acyl group,  
 a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy-substituted (C<sub>2-7</sub> acyl) group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxy-  
 carbonyl-substituted (C<sub>2-7</sub> acyl) group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxy-carbonyl  
 10 group, an aryl(C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxy-carbonyl) group or a C<sub>1-6</sub>  
 alkoxy-substituted (C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxy-carbonyl) group.

18. A pyrazole derivative claimed in claim 1, which is a  
 compound selected from the following group and pharmaceutically  
 15 acceptable salts thereof.

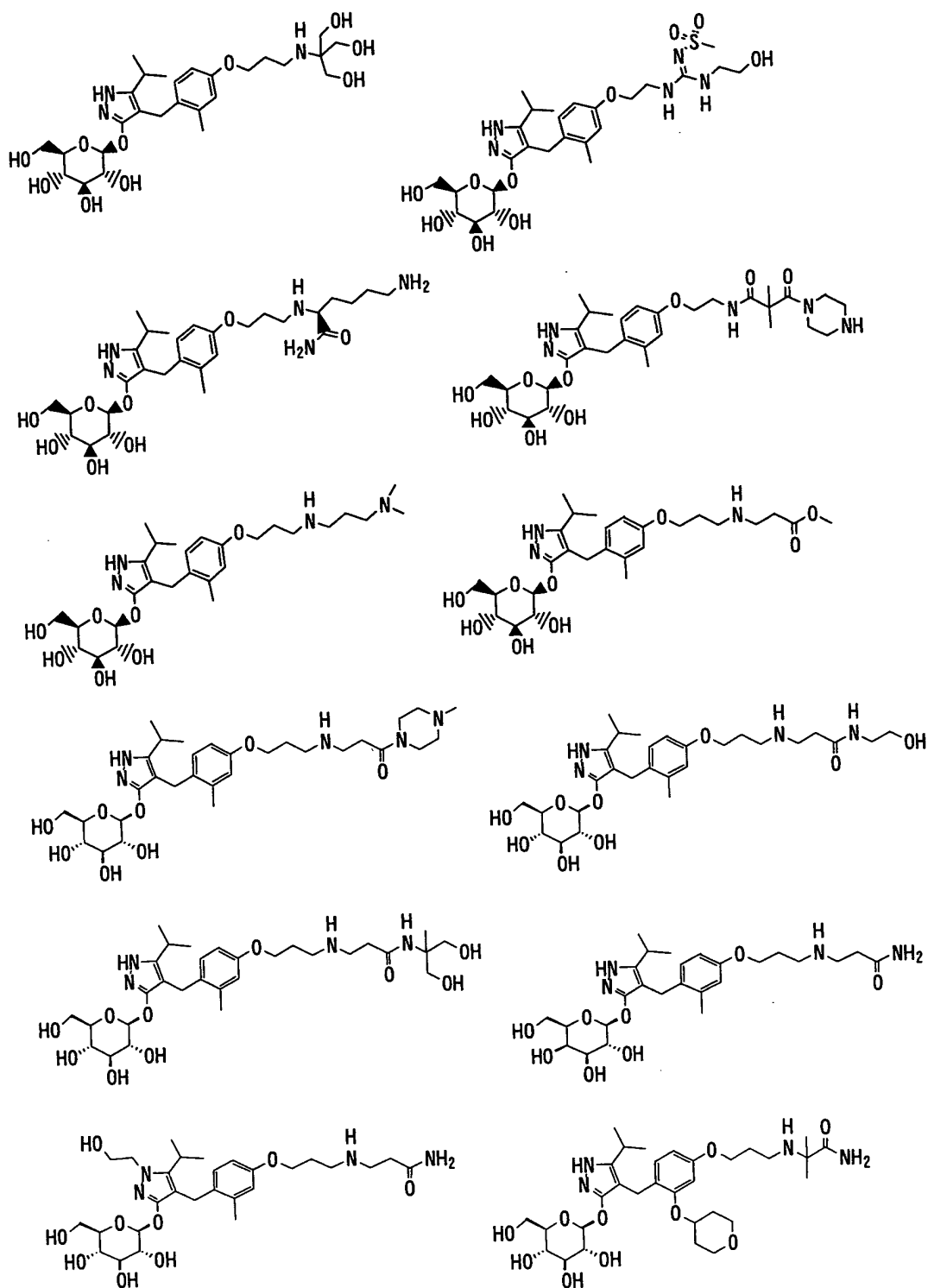


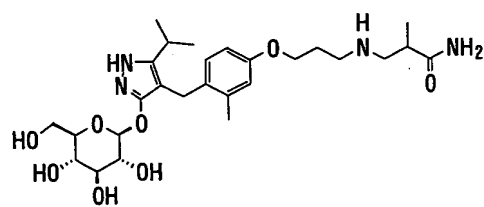
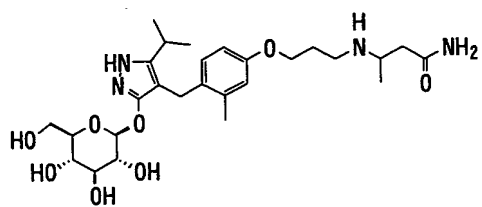
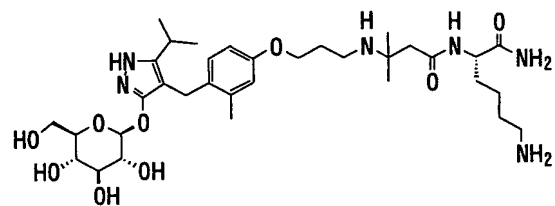
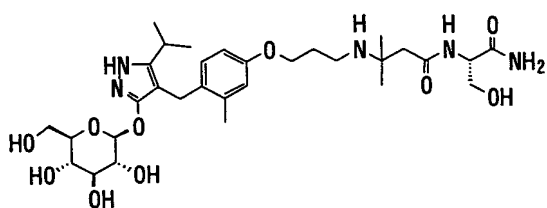
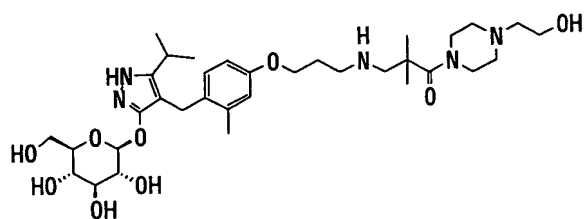
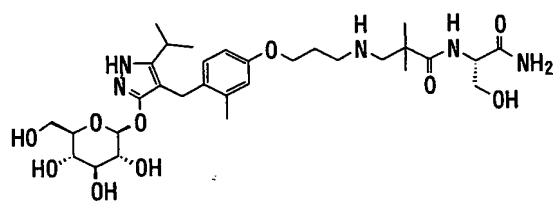
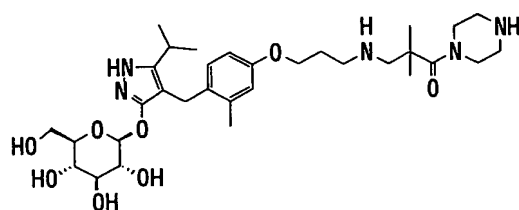
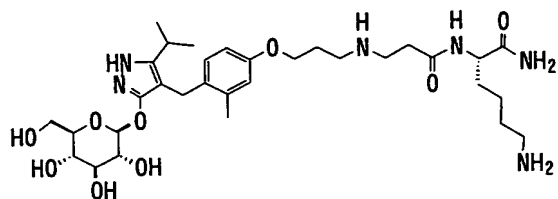
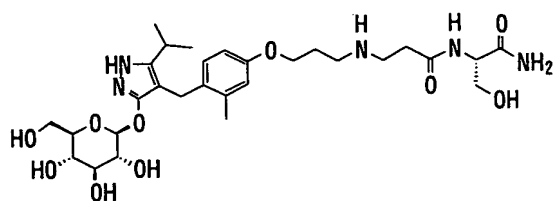
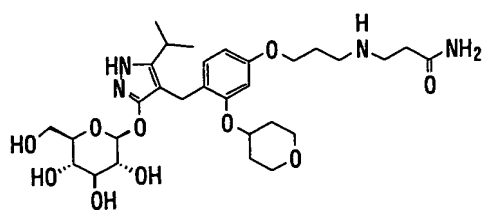


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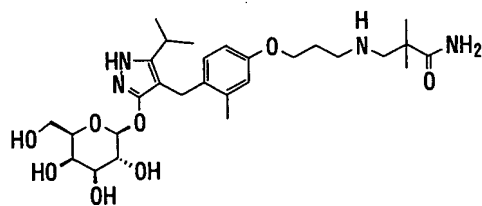
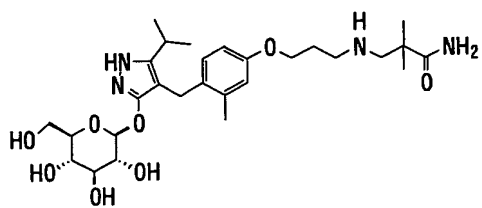


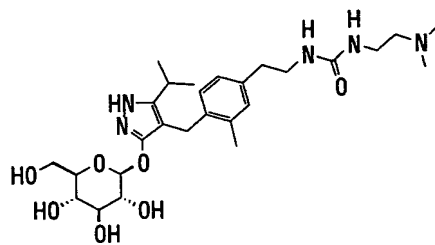
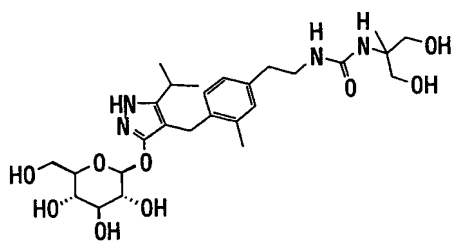
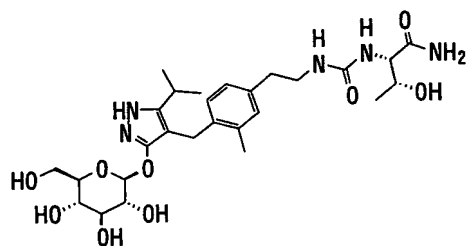
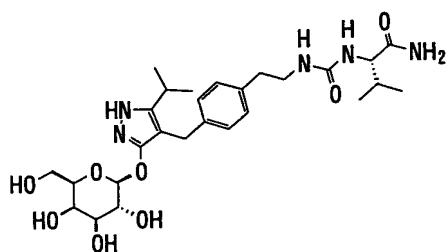
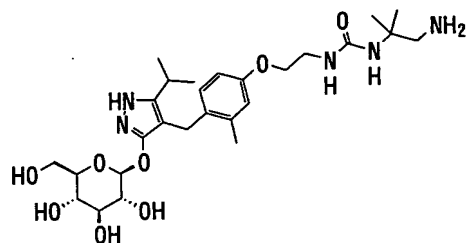
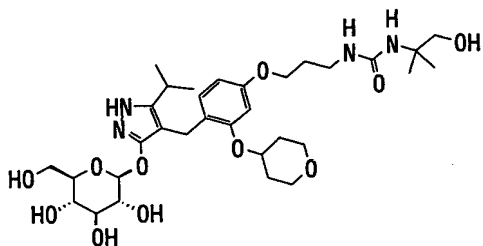
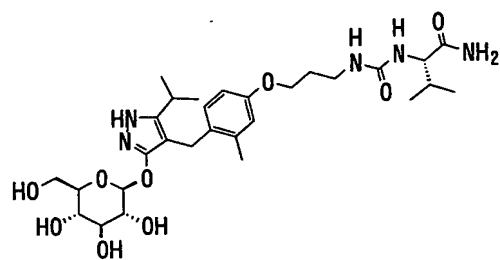
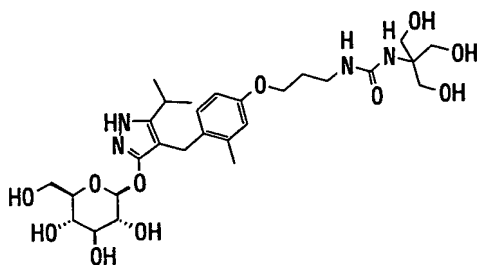
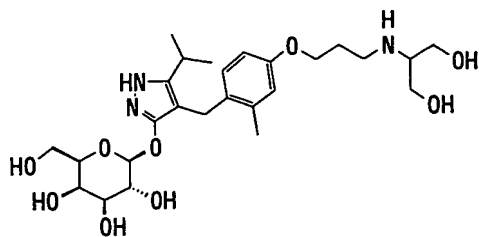
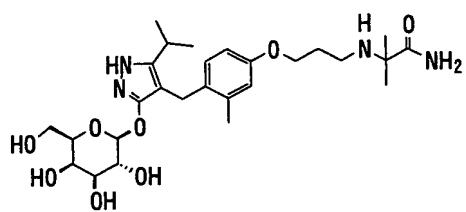


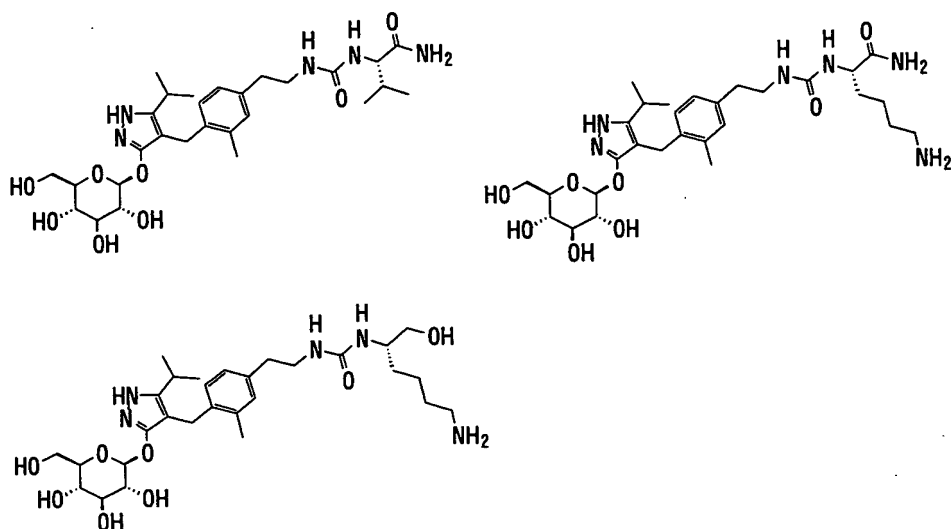




5







19. A pharmaceutical composition comprising as an active  
 5 ingredient a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims  
 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug  
 thereof.

20. A human SGLT1 inhibitor comprising as an active ingredient  
 10 a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a  
 pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

21. An agent for inhibiting postprandial hyperglycemia  
 comprising as an active ingredient a pyrazole derivative claimed  
 15 in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt  
 thereof or a prodrug thereof.

22. An agent for the prevention or treatment of a disease  
 associated with hyperglycemia, which comprises as an active  
 20 ingredient a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims

1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

23. An agent for the prevention or treatment claimed in claim  
5 22, wherein the disease associated with hyperglycemia is a  
disease selected from the group consisting of diabetes, impaired  
glucose tolerance, impaired fasting glycemia, diabetic  
complications, obesity, hyperinsulinemia, hyperlipidemia,  
hypercholesterolemia, hypertriglyceridemia, lipid metabolism  
10 disorder, atherosclerosis, hypertension, congestive heart  
failure, edema, hyperuricemia and gout.

24. An agent for the inhibition of advancing impaired glucose  
tolerance or impaired fasting glycemia into diabetes in a subject,  
15 which comprises as an active ingredient a pyrazole derivative  
claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable  
salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

25. An agent for the prevention or treatment of a disease  
20 associated with the increase of blood galactose level, which  
comprises as an active ingredient a pyrazole derivative claimed  
in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt  
thereof or a prodrug thereof.

25 26. An agent for the prevention or treatment claimed in claim  
25, wherein the disease associated with the increase of blood  
galactose level is galactosemia.

27. A pharmaceutical composition claimed in claim 19, wherein the dosage form is sustained release formulation.

5 28. An agent claimed in any one of claims 20-26, wherein the dosage form is sustained release formulation.

29. A method for the prevention or treatment of a disease associated with hyperglycemia, which comprises administering  
10 an effective amount of a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

30. A method for the inhibition of advancing impaired glucose  
15 tolerance or impaired fasting glycemia into diabetes in a subject, which comprises administering an effective amount of a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

20 31. A method for the prevention or treatment of a disease associated with the increase of blood galactose level, which comprises administering an effective amount of a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

25 32. A use of a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug

thereof for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition for the prevention or treatment of a disease associated with hyperglycemia.

- 5 33. A use of a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition for the inhibition of advancing impaired glucose tolerance or impaired fasting glycemia into diabetes in a subject.

10

34. A use of a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition for the prevention or treatment of a disease associated with the  
15 increase of blood galactose level.

35. A pharmaceutical combination which comprises (A) a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof,  
20 and (B) at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer, a SGLT2 inhibitor, an insulin or insulin analogue, a glucagon receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a tripeptidyl  
25 peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-phosphatase inhibitor, a

fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic gluconeogenesis inhibitor, D-chiroinsitol, a glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitor, glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue, a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin, an amylin analogue, an amylin agonist, an aldose reductase inhibitor, an advanced glycation endproducts formation inhibitor, a protein kinase C inhibitor, a  $\gamma$ -aminobutyric acid receptor antagonist, a sodium channel antagonist, a transcript factor NF- $\kappa$ B inhibitor, a lipid peroxidase inhibitor, an *N*-acetylated- $\alpha$ -linked-acid-dipeptidase inhibitor, insulin-like growth factor-I, platelet-derived growth factor, a platelet-derived growth factor analogue, epidermal growth factor, nerve growth factor, a carnitine derivative, uridine, 5-hydroxy-1-methylhidantoin, EGB-761, bimoclomol, sulodexide, Y-128, antidiarrhoics, cathartics, a hydroxymethylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase inhibitor, a fibric acid derivative, a  $\beta_3$ -adrenoceptor agonist, an acyl-coenzyme A cholesterol acyltransferase inhibitor, probcol, a thyroid hormone receptor agonist, a cholesterol absorption inhibitor, a lipase inhibitor, a microsomal triglyceride transfer protein inhibitor, a lipoxxygenase inhibitor, a carnitine palmitoyl-transferase inhibitor, a squalene synthase inhibitor, a low-density lipoprotein receptor enhancer, a nicotinic acid derivative, a bile acid sequestrant, a sodium/bile acid cotransporter inhibitor, a cholesterol ester transfer protein inhibitor, an appetite suppressant, an angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, a neutral



endopeptidase inhibitor, an angiotensin II receptor antagonist, an endothelin-converting enzyme inhibitor, an endothelin receptor antagonist, a diuretic agent, a calcium antagonist, a vasodilating antihypertensive agent, a sympathetic blocking agent, a centrally acting antihypertensive agent, an  $\alpha_2$ -adrenoceptor agonist, an antiplatelets agent, a uric acid synthesis inhibitor, a uricosuric agent and a urinary alkalinizer.

10 36. A method for the prevention or treatment of a disease associated with hyperglycemia or a disease associated with the increase of blood galactose level, which comprises administering an effective amount of (A) a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof, and (B) at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer, a SGLT2 inhibitor, an insulin or insulin analogue, a glucagon receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a tripeptidyl peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-phosphatase inhibitor, a fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic gluconeogenesis inhibitor, D-chiroinsitol, a glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitor, glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue, a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin,

an amylin analogue, an amylin agonist, an aldose reductase inhibitor, an advanced glycation endproducts formation inhibitor, a protein kinase C inhibitor, a  $\gamma$ -aminobutyric acid receptor antagonist, a sodium channel antagonist, a transcript  
 5 factor NF- $\kappa$ B inhibitor, a lipid peroxidase inhibitor, an N-acetylated- $\alpha$ -linked-acid-dipeptidase inhibitor, insulin-like growth factor-I, platelet-derived growth factor, a platelet-derived growth factor analogue, epidermal growth factor, nerve growth factor, a carnitine derivative, uridine,  
 10 5-hydroxy-1-methylhydantoin, EGB-761, bimoclomol, sulodexide, Y-128, antidiarrhoics, cathartics, a hydroxymethylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase inhibitor, a fibric acid derivative, a  $\beta_3$ -adrenoceptor agonist, an acyl-coenzyme A cholesterol acyltransferase inhibitor, probcol, a thyroid hormone receptor  
 15 agonist, a cholesterol absorption inhibitor, a lipase inhibitor, a microsomal triglyceride transfer protein inhibitor, a lipoxxygenase inhibitor, a carnitine palmitoyl-transferase inhibitor, a squalene synthase inhibitor, a low-density lipoprotein receptor enhancer, a nicotinic acid derivative, a  
 20 bile acid sequestrant, a sodium/bile acid cotransporter inhibitor, a cholesterol ester transfer protein inhibitor, an appetite suppressant, an angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, a neutral endopeptidase inhibitor, an angiotensin II receptor antagonist, an endothelin-converting enzyme  
 25 inhibitor, an endothelin receptor antagonist, a diuretic agent, a calcium antagonist, a vasodilating antihypertensive agent, a sympathetic blocking agent, a centrally acting

antihypertensive agent, an  $\alpha_2$ -adrenoceptor agonist, an antiplatelets agent, a uric acid synthesis inhibitor, a uricosuric agent and a urinary alkalinizer.

- 5 37. A method for the inhibition of advancing impaired glucose tolerance or impaired fasting glycemia into diabetes in a subject, which comprises administering an effective amount of (A) a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof,
- 10 and (B) at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer, a SGLT2 inhibitor, an insulin or insulin analogue, a glucagon receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a tripeptidyl
- 15 peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-phosphatase inhibitor, a fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic gluconeogenesis inhibitor, D-chiroinsitol,
- 20 a glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitor, glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue, a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin, an amylin analogue, an amylin agonist, an aldose reductase inhibitor, an advanced glycation endproducts formation inhibitor, a protein kinase C inhibitor, a
- 25  $\gamma$ -aminobutyric acid receptor antagonist, a sodium channel antagonist, a transcript factor NF- $\kappa$ B inhibitor, a lipid peroxidase inhibitor, an N-acetylated- $\alpha$ -linked-acid-

dipeptidase inhibitor, insulin-like growth factor-I,  
 platelet-derived growth factor, a platelet-derived growth  
 factor analogue, epidermal growth factor, nerve growth factor,  
 a carnitine derivative, uridine, 5-hydroxy-1-methylhydantoin,  
 5 EGB-761, bimoclomol, sulodexide, Y-128, antidiarrhoics,  
 cathartics, a hydroxymethylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase  
 inhibitor, a fibric acid derivative, a  $\beta_3$ -adrenoceptor agonist,  
 an acyl-coenzyme A cholesterol acyltransferase inhibitor,  
 probcol, a thyroid hormone receptor agonist, a cholesterol  
 10 absorption inhibitor, a lipase inhibitor, a microsomal  
 triglyceride transfer protein inhibitor, a lipoxygenase  
 inhibitor, a carnitine palmitoyl-transferase inhibitor, a  
 squalene synthase inhibitor, a low-density lipoprotein receptor  
 enhancer, a nicotinic acid derivative, a bile acid sequestrant,  
 15 a sodium/bile acid cotransporter inhibitor, a cholesterol ester  
 transfer protein inhibitor, an appetite suppressant, an  
 angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, a neutral  
 endopeptidase inhibitor, an angiotensin II receptor antagonist,  
 an endothelin-converting enzyme inhibitor, an endothelin  
 20 receptor antagonist, a diuretic agent, a calcium antagonist,  
 a vasodilating antihypertensive agent, a sympathetic blocking  
 agent, a centrally acting antihypertensive agent, an  
 $\alpha_2$ -adrenoceptor agonist, an antiplatelets agent, a uric acid  
 synthesis inhibitor, a uricosuric agent and a urinary  
 25 alkalinizer.

38. A use of (A) a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of

claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof, and (B) at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer,

5 a SGLT2 inhibitor, an insulin or insulin analogue, a glucagon receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a tripeptidyl peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-phosphatase

10 inhibitor, a fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic gluconeogenesis inhibitor, D-chiroinsitol, a glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitor, glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue, a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin, an amylin analogue,

15 an amylin agonist, an aldose reductase inhibitor, an advanced glycation endproducts formation inhibitor, a protein kinase C inhibitor, a  $\gamma$ -aminobutyric acid receptor antagonist, a sodium channel antagonist, a transcript factor NF- $\kappa$ B inhibitor, a lipid peroxidase inhibitor, an N-acetylated- $\alpha$ -linked-acid-

20 dipeptidase inhibitor, insulin-like growth factor-I, platelet-derived growth factor, a platelet-derived growth factor analogue, epidermal growth factor, nerve growth factor, a carnitine derivative, uridine, 5-hydroxy-1-methylhidantoin, EGB-761, bimoclomol, sulodexide, Y-128, antidiarrhoics,

25 cathartics, a hydroxymethylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase inhibitor, a fibric acid derivative, a  $\beta_3$ -adrenoceptor agonist, an acyl-coenzyme A cholesterol acyltransferase inhibitor,

probcol, a thyroid hormone receptor agonist, a cholesterol  
 absorption inhibitor, a lipase inhibitor, a microsomal  
 triglyceride transfer protein inhibitor, a lipoxygenase  
 inhibitor, a carnitine palmitoyl-transferase inhibitor, a  
 5 squalene synthase inhibitor, a low-density lipoprotein receptor  
 enhancer, a nicotinic acid derivative, a bile acid sequestrant,  
 a sodium/bile acid cotransporter inhibitor, a cholesterol ester  
 transfer protein inhibitor, an appetite suppressant, an  
 angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, a neutral  
 10 endopeptidase inhibitor, an angiotensin II receptor antagonist,  
 an endothelin-converting enzyme inhibitor, an endothelin  
 receptor antagonist, a diuretic agent, a calcium antagonist,  
 a vasodilating antihypertensive agent, a sympathetic blocking  
 agent, a centrally acting antihypertensive agent, an  
 15  $\alpha_2$ -adrenoceptor agonist, an antiplatelets agent, a uric acid  
 synthesis inhibitor, a uricosuric agent and a urinary alkalinizer,  
 for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition for the  
 prevention or treatment of a disease associated with  
 hyperglycemia or a disease associated with the increase of blood  
 20 galactose level.

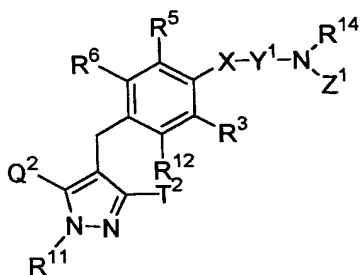
39. A use of (A) a pyrazole derivative claimed in any one of  
 claims 1-18, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a  
 prodrug thereof, and (B) at least one member selected from the  
 25 group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose  
 absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer,  
 a SGLT2 inhibitor, an insulin or insulin analogue, a glucagon

receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a  
 tripeptidyl peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV  
 inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a  
 glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-phosphatase  
 5 inhibitor, a fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate  
 dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic gluconeogenesis inhibitor,  
 D-chiroinsitol, a glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitor,  
 glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue,  
 a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin, an amylin analogue,  
 10 an amylin agonist, an aldose reductase inhibitor, an advanced  
 glycation endproducts formation inhibitor, a protein kinase C  
 inhibitor, a  $\gamma$ -aminobutyric acid receptor antagonist, a sodium  
 channel antagonist, a transcript factor NF- $\kappa$ B inhibitor, a lipid  
 peroxidase inhibitor, an N-acetylated- $\alpha$ -linked-acid-  
 15 dipeptidase inhibitor, insulin-like growth factor-I,  
 platelet-derived growth factor, a platelet-derived growth  
 factor analogue, epidermal growth factor, nerve growth factor,  
 a carnitine derivative, uridine, 5-hydroxy-1-methylhydantoin,  
 EGB-761, bimoclomol, sulodexide, Y-128, antidiarrhoics,  
 20 cathartics, a hydroxymethylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase  
 inhibitor, a fibric acid derivative, a  $\beta_3$ -adrenoceptor agonist,  
 an acyl-coenzyme A cholesterol acyltransferase inhibitor,  
 probcol, a thyroid hormone receptor agonist, a cholesterol  
 absorption inhibitor, a lipase inhibitor, a microsomal  
 25 triglyceride transfer protein inhibitor, a lipoxygenase  
 inhibitor, a carnitine palmitoyl-transferase inhibitor, a  
 squalene synthase inhibitor, a low-density lipoprotein receptor

enhancer, a nicotinic acid derivative, a bile acid sequestrant,  
 a sodium/bile acid cotransporter inhibitor, a cholesterol ester  
 transfer protein inhibitor, an appetite suppressant, an  
 angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, a neutral  
 5 endopeptidase inhibitor, an angiotensin II receptor antagonist,  
 an endothelin-converting enzyme inhibitor, an endothelin  
 receptor antagonist, a diuretic agent, a calcium antagonist,  
 a vasodilating antihypertensive agent, a sympathetic blocking  
 agent, a centrally acting antihypertensive agent, an  
 10  $\alpha_2$ -adrenoceptor agonist, an antiplatelets agent, a uric acid  
 synthesis inhibitor, a uricosuric agent and a urinary alkalinizer,  
 for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition for the  
 inhibition of advancing impaired glucose tolerance or impaired  
 fasting glycemia into diabetes in a subject.

15

40. A pyrazole derivative represented by the general formula:



wherein

R<sup>11</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub>  
 20 alkenyl group, a hydroxy(C<sub>2-6</sub> alkyl) group which may have a  
 protective group, a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl-  
 substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, an aryl group which may have



the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, an amino group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, or an aryl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, an amino group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group on the ring;

one of Q<sup>2</sup> and T<sup>2</sup> represents a 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyloxy group, a 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-pivaloyl-β-D-glucopyranosyloxy group, a 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-galactopyranosyloxy group or a 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-pivaloyl-β-D-galactopyranosyloxy group, while the other represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a halo(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group or a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group;

R<sup>12</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio group, a halo(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a halo(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy) group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy) group, a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl-substituted (C<sub>2-6</sub> alkoxy) group or -A-R<sup>1A</sup> in which A represents a single bond, an oxygen atom, a methylene group, an ethylene group, -OCH<sub>2</sub>- or -CH<sub>2</sub>O-; and R<sup>1A</sup> represents a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, an amino

group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyloxy group, a halo(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxy carbonyl group, a cyano group and a nitro group, or a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group;

X represents a single bond, an oxygen atom or a sulfur atom;

10        Y<sup>1</sup> represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylene group which may be substituted by a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, or a C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenylene group;

Z<sup>1</sup> represents -R<sup>1B</sup>, -COR<sup>1C</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1C</sup>, -CON(R<sup>1D</sup>)R<sup>1E</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>1F</sup> or -C(=NR<sup>1G</sup>)N(R<sup>1H</sup>)R<sup>1I</sup>;

15        R<sup>1C</sup> represents an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, an amino group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino group which may have a protective group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (ii);

25        R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>1B</sup>, R<sup>1D</sup>, R<sup>1E</sup> and R<sup>1F</sup> are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom, an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group

consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, an amino group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a

5 substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino group which may have a protective group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (ii), or both of R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>1B</sup> bind together with the neighboring nitrogen

10 atom to form a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group which may have a protective group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-

15 sulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, or both of R<sup>1D</sup> and R<sup>1E</sup> bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo

20 group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group which may have a protective group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group;

R<sup>1G</sup>, R<sup>1H</sup> and R<sup>1I</sup> are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, a carbamoyl group,

25 a C<sub>2-7</sub> acyl group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxycarbonyl group, an aryl(C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxycarbonyl) group, a nitro group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl group, a sulfamide group, a carbamimidoyl group, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group

which may have the same or different 1 to 5 groups selected from the following substituent group (ii), or both of  $R^{1G}$  and  $R^{1H}$  bind to form an ethylene group, or both of  $R^{1H}$  and  $R^{1I}$  bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group which may have a protective group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group;

$R^3$ ,  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group; and

substituent group (ii) consists of a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio group, an amino group which may have a protective group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group which may have a protective group, a mono or di[hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)]amino group which may have a protective group, an ureido group, a sulfamide group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)ureido group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)sulfamide group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> acylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl group, a carboxy group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkoxycarbonyl group,  $-\text{CON}(R^{1J})R^{1K}$  in which  $R^{1J}$  and  $R^{1K}$  are the same or different, and each represents a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group which may have a protective group,

an amino group which may have a protective group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group which may have a protective group, a mono or di[hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)]amino group which may have a protective group, an ureido group, a mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)ureido group,  
 5 a C<sub>2-7</sub> acylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group and a carbamoyl group, or both of R<sup>1J</sup> and R<sup>1K</sup> bind together with the neighboring nitrogen atom to form a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of  
 10 a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group which may have a protective group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, an aryl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy) group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting  
 15 of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, an amino group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group on the ring, an aryl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio) group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen  
 20 atom, a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, an amino group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group on the ring, a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group  
 25 consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, an amino group which may have a protective group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and

a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, a heteroaryl group which may have a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an amino group which may have a protective group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> cyclic amino group which may have a substituent  
5 selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy group which may have a protective group, a carbamoyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an oxo group, a carbamoyl(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, a hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group which may have a protective group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-sulfonylamino-substituted (C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) group, and a C<sub>1-4</sub> aromatic  
10 cyclic amino group which may have a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group as a substituent, or a salt thereof.